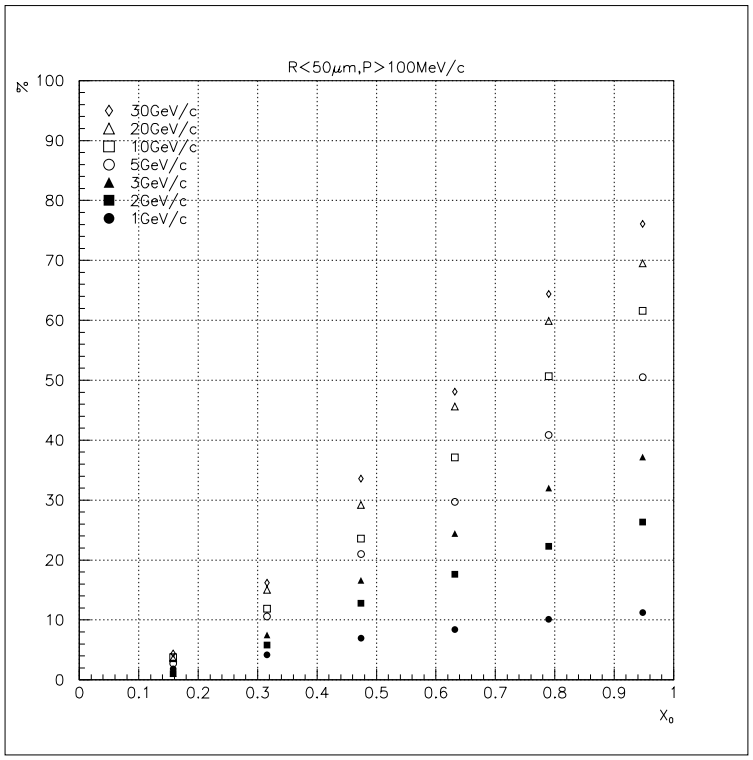
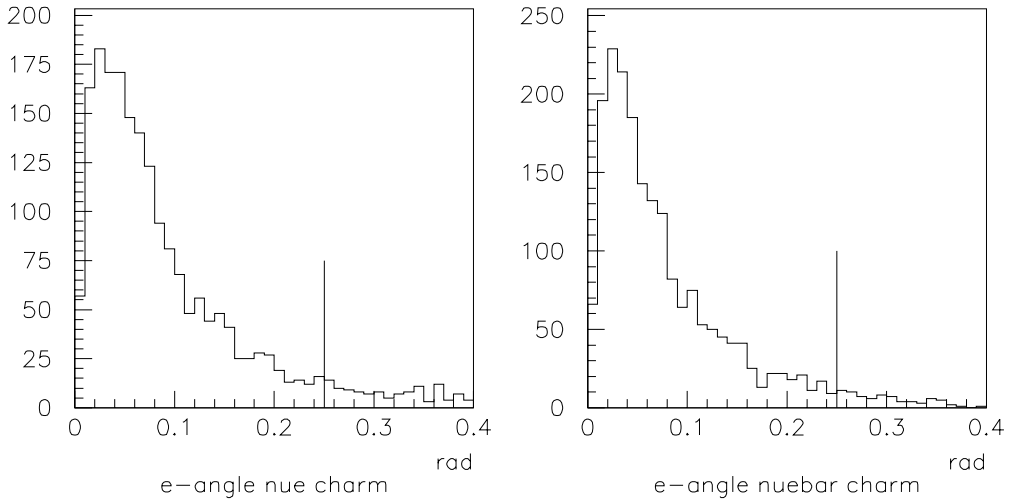
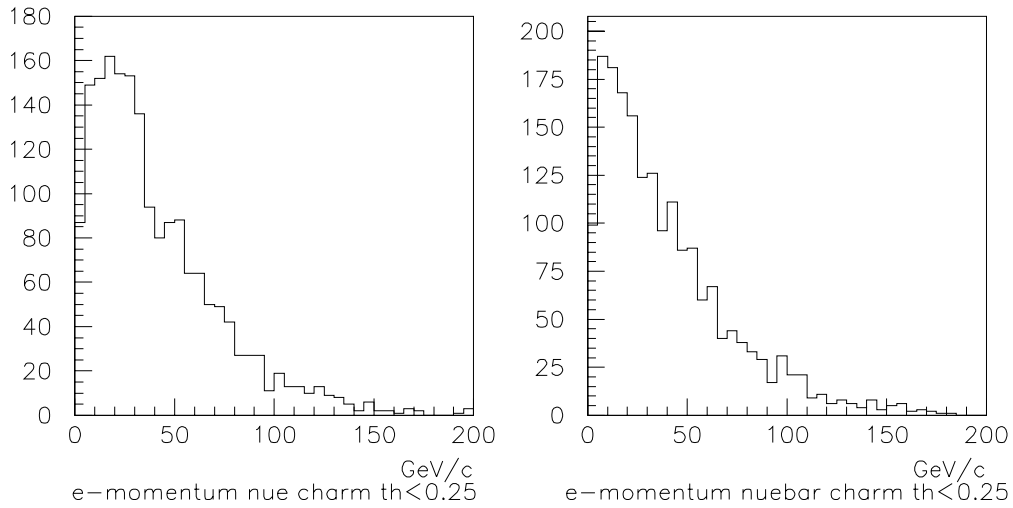
Fig.1 shows the probability of electron pair production (from Komatsu). And Fig.2 shows the angle distribution of electron from ν_e charm production. And Fig.3 shows the momentum distribution of electron with the angle cut of 0.25rad. Fig.4 is the probability of e-ID with $1X_0$ as the function of electron momentum calculated from Fig.1.
The probability of e-ID per event is integlation $\frac{\int f(p)\varepsilon(p)dp}{\int f(p)dp}$. They are 66%,69% for ν_e and $\bar{\nu_e}$ respectively. So the total e-ID efficiency is 67%.



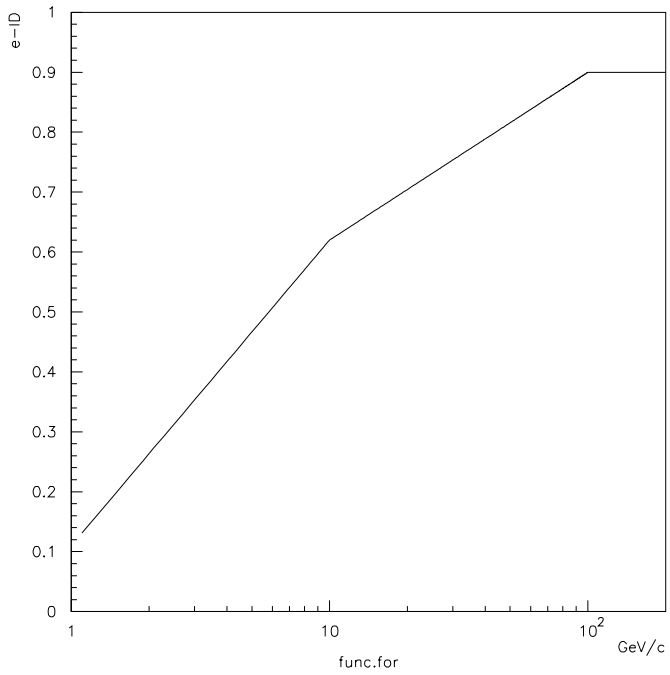
?^ .1: the probability of e-shower(#M#C)



?^ .2: electron angle distribution of $\nu_e$charm !J#M#C!K



?^ .3: electron momentum distribution of $\nu_e$charm !J#M#C!K



?^ .4: e-ID efficiency with $1X_0$ following